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CO₂ HYDRATE PROCESS FOR GAS SEPARATION FROM A SHIFTED SYNTHESIS GAS STREAM

Background

One approach to decarbonizing coal is to gasify it to form fuel gas consisting predominately of carbon monoxide and hydrogen. This fuel gas is sent to a shift conversion reactor where carbon monoxide reacts with steam to produce carbon dioxide and hydrogen. After scrubbing the carbon dioxide from the fuel, an almost pure hydrogen stream is left which can be burned in a gas turbine or used to power a fuel cell with essentially zero emissions. However, for this approach to be practical, it will require an economical means of separating carbon dioxide from mixed gas streams. Since viable options for sequestration or reuse of carbon dioxide are projected to involve transport through pipelines and/or direct injection of high pressure carbon dioxide into various repositories, a process that can separate carbon dioxide at high pressures and minimize recompression costs will offer distinct advantages. This project addresses the issue of carbon dioxide separation from shifted synthesis gas at elevated pressures.

The project is concerned with development of the low temperature SIMTECHE process. This process utilizes the formation of carbon dioxide hydrates to remove CO₂ from a gas stream. Many people are familiar with methane hydrates but are unaware that, under the proper conditions, CO₂ forms similar hydrates. In Phase 1, a conceptual process flow scheme was developed. The thermodynamic limits of such a process were confirmed by equilibrium hydrate formation experiments for shifted synthesis gas compositions. Performance projections were then made for a few selected process configurations, and encouraging preliminary economics were developed.

Primary Project Goal

The goal of this project is to construct and operate a pilot-scale unit utilizing the hydrate process for CO₂ separation.



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Objectives

The objective of this phase of the program is to carry out further laboratory-scale tests on the CO₂ hydrate concept, consisting of research and development studies, as well as component testing. Previously developed process modelling will be extended to the latest proposed concept for the SIMTECHE process. Another objective is to evaluate the ultimate reduction in carbon dioxide concentration that can be achieved and to assess the potential negative influence of H₂S and CH₄ on the process. The third phase will further establish the pilot-scale unit and provide detailed design and operating data.

Accomplishments

A bench-scale flow system for the continuous production of carbon dioxide hydrates was assembled, and operational issues associated with continuous hydrate production were resolved. The technical feasibility of the SIMTECHE process was thereby demonstrated. The enhancement of carbon dioxide hydrate formation and separation by the presence of gaseous and/or liquid promoters was also demonstrated in the laboratory.

Benefits

The hydrate process will provide a high pressure/low temperature system for separating CO₂ from shifted synthesis gas in an economical manner. The process can be adapted to an existing gasification power plant for CO₂ separation in the production of synthesis gas.

Overall, the process will result in a residual concentrated stream of hydrogen capable of fueling zero-emission power plants of the future and a concentrated CO₂ stream available for use or sequestration.

PARTNERS

Nexant
Los Alamos National
Laboratory (LANL)
IPSI LLC
SIMTECHE

COST

Total Project
Value: \$9,076,621

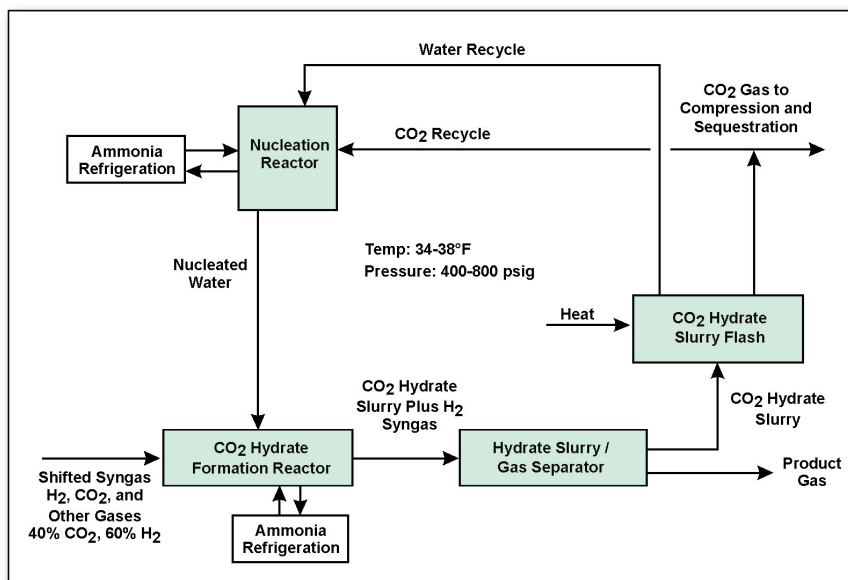
DOE/Non-DOE
Share: \$9,076,621 / \$0

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Conceptual Process Block Flow Diagram of a CO₂ Hydrate Process